

Public Procurement Analysis

big buyers buyers Working Together

The Future Public Procurement Landscape

Big Buyers Working Together Annual Event March 2025 Helsinki

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O Agenda



Big picture Politics Law Practice What do you think?







O Big picture: Glass half full

- Many European public bodies now have 25+ years of experience with green or sustainable procurement – and those who start typically continue
- Legal, policy and professional framework for procurement has become much more friendly to SPP over past 20 years, and some of the traditional focus of SPP is now 'business as usual'/mandatory
- Communities of Practice and creativity in procurement are helping to shift the focus from procedures to outcomes









O Big picture: Glass half empty

- Majority of public contracts are still awarded based on cost/price alone, and there is little data on take-up or impact of SPP across the EU
- Concerns about low competition and use of direct awards – these seem to be becoming more problematic in many EU countries
- Pressure to roll back environmental and social legislation, e.g. on corporate reporting, may also affect SPP









O The direction of the current Commission

"I will propose a revision of the Public Procurement Directive. This will enable **preference to be given to European products** in public procurement for certain strategic sectors. It will help ensure EU added value for our citizens, along with **security of supply** for vital technologies, products and services. It will also **modernise and simplify** our public procurement rules, in particular with EU start-ups and innovators in mind."

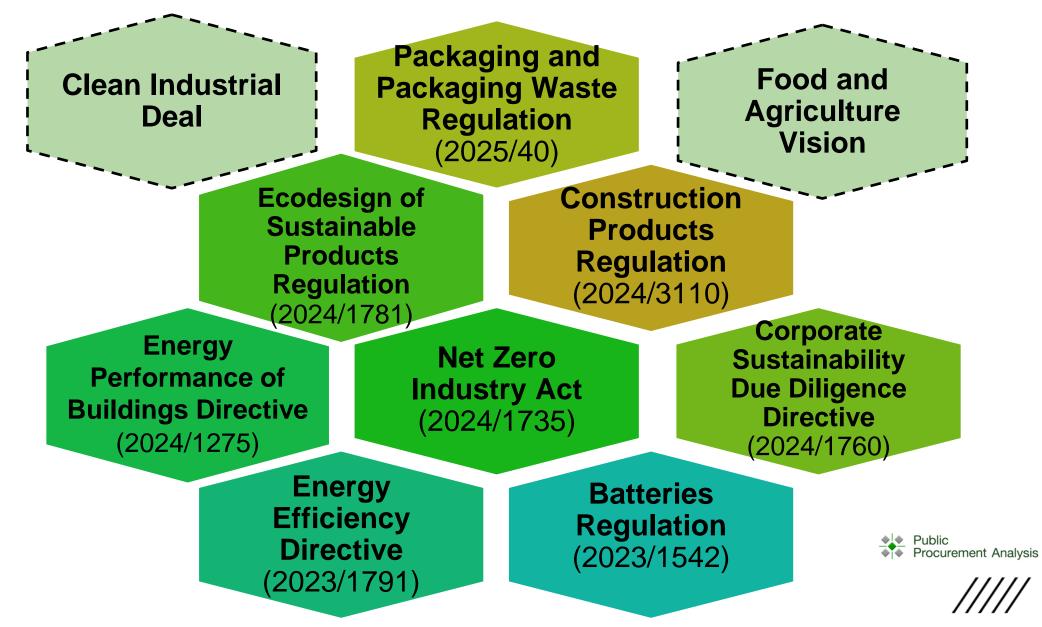
- Ursula von der Leyen, Europe's Choice: Political Guidelines for the next European Commission 2024-2029







Relevant EU legislation 2023-25



O What does it mean in practice (I)



Legislation: Net Zero Industry Act (2024/1735) sets minimum requirements for 'resilience'

Experimentation: How can full life-cycle impacts be compared in tenders? Can EU suppliers offer competitive solutions?

Replication: Central or joint purchasing, building European economies of scale



Solar Panels



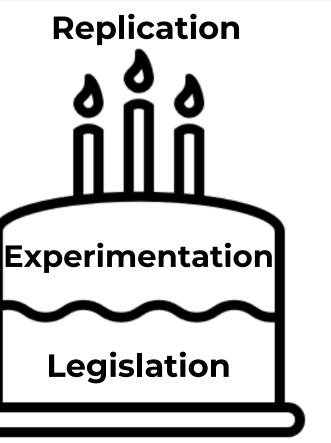
O What does it mean in practice (II)



Legislation: EU Artificial Intelligence Act (2024/1689)

Experimentation: Can AI help inform procurement decisions (e.g. volumes of vaccines or PPE to order)?

Replication: Model contract clauses; scaling up; improving data sources



AI for health procurement



Other developments...

- Increased defence spending this will put pressure on other procurement budgets and supply chains. But also create opportunities for innovation?
- Kolin case (C-652/22) and Qingdao (C-266/22) the benefits of the single market don't extend to those outside of the club.
- Tariffs/Trade wars procurement as a weapon or bargaining chip in wider negotiations







Evaluation of Public Procurement Directives

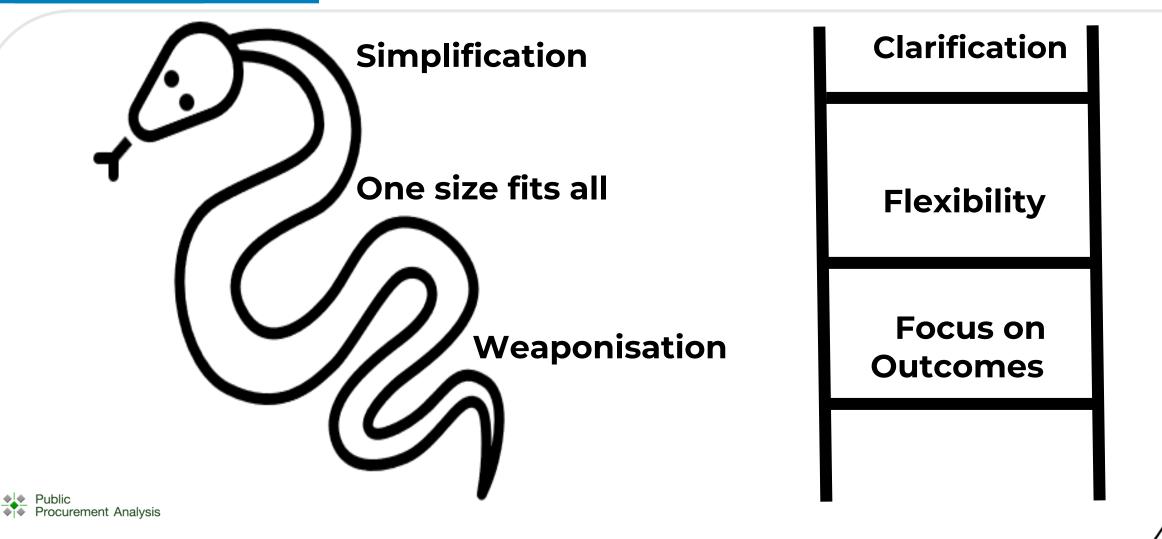












O How will we look back on this period?





OR



O What will we be talking about next year?

- Defence procurement how should the human and environmental impacts be addressed?
- Weaponisation of procurement at what cost?
- Adaptation clauses protecting procured assets and allowing contract changes, e.g. to move production or delivery sites, introduce more stringent emission limits etc.
- New Directives can we achieve better regulation and learn from those with first-hand experience of procurement?





buyers

Working Together





Question 1: What is the biggest **opportunity** you see for SPP/innovation procurement over the next 3-5 years?

Question 2: What is the biggest challenge?







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THANK YOU

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